Application for Louisiana Certified Habitat Program A project of the Louisiana Native Plant Society (https://www.lnps.org/louisiana-certified-habitat)

The Louisiana Native Plant Society and its chapters and partners invite Louisiana residents, businesses, schools, and public institutions to certify their outdoor space as native habitat, which requires plants native to our region. Native plants form the base of all habitat types and natural ecosystems. They provide food and shelter for native wildlife, including birds and pollinators.

<u>Eligibility</u>: Any Louisiana resident, school, organization or business may apply.



This application is for **Southcentral Louisiana** parishes: *Ascension, Assumption, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Livingston, St. Helena, and Tangipahoa*. **Applying from another parish?** Visit <u>https://www.lnps.org/louisiana-certified-habitat</u>

* Email scan or pdf to hilltop@lsu.edu and pay at the Application Fee button at www.lsu.edu/hilltop.

* OR mail a copy of your application with payment to: Friends of Hilltop Arboretum, PO Box 82608, Baton Rouge, LA 70884

* Cost is \$45. Current Hilltop members get 10% discount, \$40.

Process: Once your application and payment are received, a representative from your area will contact you about the vetting process and may schedule a visit. If your space meets the criteria, your garden sign will be delivered. If not, your application fee will be returned.

Last Name	First Name(s)	Site address	City	Zip

Parish	Email	Phone	Hilltop member?	LNPS member?

Optional: I am applying on behalf of		_school/company/office
Optional: Mailing address, if different from sit	e:	

____I give permission for this address to be included on a map of all certified sites in Louisiana

____I give permission for the general location, but not address, to be included on a map of all certified sites in Louisiana

____I would like to learn more about having my site included on a native garden tour.

____I have shared inspiring images of my site on iNaturalist or elsewhere. Describe___

I am applying for

____Bronze: 25 different native plant species or 25% of the plants on this site are native.

____Silver: 50 different native plant species or 50% of the plants on this site are native.

____Gold: 75 different native plant species or 75% of the plants on this site are native.

An upgrade in certification is available at no additional charge once the required criteria are met. A decal for your sign will be mailed to you.

Tell us about your property

Describe your site. Urban, traditional subdivision, rural, something else? Does it have residual prairie, forest, or wetland elements? What motivated your decisions to conserve or restore your site? How did you decide what to include, when did you begin, what observations have been significant for you? Has your site already been certified by another organization? (National Wildlife Federation, Monarch Watch, Xerces) (~250 words. This text may be used in the directory).

Best Practices for Gardening for Habitat

per National Wildlife Federation, Audubon, Xerces Society

Certification does not require compliance with all of them. We recognize that every property and family have special land uses and preferences.

I adhere to the following best practices related to gardening for habitat:

____ In addition to the diverse foods provided by native plants (nectar, leaves, seeds, fruit), I recognize that healthy habitats also provide water and shelter. Water sources can be birdbaths, misters, or naturally wet areas. Shelter and nesting material are provided by unmown thicket and fallen branches.

_____ To put the greatest area into the service as habitat, I mow the part of my lawn or property that my family/organization uses. To conserve ground-nesting pollinators, I keep my mower blade height set high (about 4 inches), and I leave dried grass and leaves in place through winter when possible.

_____I rarely use herbicides and insecticides except to spot manage invasive plants or destructive insects. I do not use mosquito repellant systems, nor do I use weed killer liberally in ditches and edging, as these chemicals harm other insects and helpful plants and end up in our watershed.

_____I rarely leave soil bare and vulnerable to erosion and weeds. Instead, I use native plants as ground cover or mulch with leaves, recycled yard waste (e.g. public compost), or responsibly sourced material such as pine bark or pine straw, not purchased, bagged cypress mulches whose sources cannot be verified.

_____I do not actively propagate Tier 1 invasive plants on my site and when possible take action to control their spread. Five top offenders are Chinese tallow tree (chicken tree), Chinese privet, Japanese honeysuckle, Elephant ear, and Yellow flag iris.

Feel free to explain special circumstances for your property:

Your property may qualify for special assistance

Does your site contain any rare plant or animal species? ______ If yes, your site may qualify for additional protection from the state and for higher level certification from us or the Louisiana Dept. of Wildlife and Fisheries' Natural Heritage Program.

Is your site being restored to natural habitat from agricultural or other use? _____If yes, contact US Fish and Wildlife Service or USDA Soil Conservation District for possible government assistance in your restoration

The following is a checklist of ecologically important Gulf Coast native plants commonly found or used in Louisiana landscapes. If you have a Gulf Coast native plant that is not on the list, please add it (common and/or scientific name if known) in the space provided at the end of these listings.

Common name	Scientific name
Acacia, Sweet	Acacia farnesiana
Alder, Black/Hazel	Alnus rugosa
Allspice, Carolina/	
Sweet Shrub	Calycanthus floridus
Ashes, Native	Fraxinus spp.
Ash, Green	F. pennsylvanicum
Ash, Carolina	F. caroliniana
Ash, Pumpkin	F. profunda
	- ·
Ash, White	F. americana
	Rhododendron
Azalea, Pink	canescens
Azalea, Florida	Rhododendron
Flame	austrinum
Anise, Star	Illicium floridanum
Anise,	
Yellow/Florida	Illicium parviflorum
Azalea, Florida	Rhododendron
Flame	austrinum
	Rhododendron
Azaloa Dink	
Azalea, Pink	canescens
	Rhododendron
	serrulatum,
	viscosum,
Azalea, White	oblongifolium
Baccharis/	g-j
	Describer and the line of a line
Groundsel Bush	Baccharis halimifolia
Baccharis, Salt-	
marsh	B. angustifolia
Deutering Courthous	
Bayberry, Southern	Morella carolinensis
Beautyberry,	Callicarpa
American	americana
Beautyberry,	C. americana
American, White	'Lactea'
Beech, American	Fagus grandifolia
Blackberries/	
	Rubus snn
Dewberries	Rubus spp.
Dewberries Birch, River	Betula nigra
Dewberries	
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder	Betula nigra
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye,	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp.
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye,	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn,	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora Aesculus pavia
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian Cherry	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora Aesculus pavia
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian Cherry Buckwheat	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora Aesculus pavia Frangula caroliniana
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian Cherry	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora Aesculus pavia Frangula caroliniana
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian Cherry Buckwheat	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora Aesculus pavia Frangula caroliniana Cliftonia monophylla
Dewberries Birch, River Blueberries Boxelder Buckeye, Bottlebrush Buckeye, Red Buckthorn, Carolina/Indian Cherry Buckwheat Tree/Black Titi	Betula nigra Vaccinium spp. Acer negundo Aesculus parviflora

Native Woody Plants (trees, shrubs, woody vines)

Camellia, Silky	Stewartia malacodendron
carrienta, Silky	Catalpa
Catalpa, Southern	bignonioides
Cedar, Eastern Red	Juniperus virginiana
Cedar,	
Atlantic/Southern	Chamaecyparis
 White	thyoides
Cherry, Black	Prunus serotina
 Cherry, Choke	Aronia arbutifolia
 Cherry-laurel	Prunus caroliniana
Chinquapin	Castanea pumila
Coralbean, Eastern/Mamou	Erythrina herbacea
Crabapple, Southern	Malus angustifolia
Creeper, Trumpet	Campsis radicans
	Parthenocissus
Creeper, Virginia	quinquefolia
Crossvine	Bignonia capreolata
Cucumber Tree	Magnolia acuminata
Cypress, Bald	Taxodium distichum
Cypress, Pond	Taxodium ascendens
Cyrilla, Swamp/Titi	Cyrilla racemiflora
Cyrilla, Little-leaf	Cyrilla parvifolia
Devil's Walkingstick	Aralia spinosa
	Osmanthus
Devilwood	americana
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida
Dogwood, Rough-	
leaf	Cornus drummondii
Dogwood, Stiff	Cornus foemina
Elderberry	Sambucus canadensis
Elms, Native	Ulmus spp.
Elm, American	U. americana
Elm, Cedar	U. crassifolia
Elm, Slippery	U. rubra
Elm, Winged	U. alata
Elm, Water	Planera aquatica
Fetterbush	Lyonia lucida
Fetterbush, Swamp	Leucothoe racemosa
Fringetree, American	Chionanthus virginiana
Gordonia	Gordonia lasianthus
Grape, Wild	Vitis spp.
Greenbriar/Catbriar	Smilax spp.

Gum, Black	Nyssa sylvatica
Gum, Swamp Black	Nyssa biflora
Gum, Tupelo	Nyssa aquatica
	Liquidambar
Gum, Sweet	styriciflua
Hackberry	Celtis laevigata
Hawthorn, Native	Crataegus spp.
Hawthorn, Barberry- leaf	C. berberifolia
Hawthorn,	-
Blueberry	C. brachycantha
Hawthorn, Green	C. viridis
Hawthorn, Mayhaw	C. aestivalis/opaca
Hawthorn, Parsley	C. marshallii
Hickories, Native	Carya spp.
Hickory, Black	C. texana
Hickory, Bitternut	C. cordiformes
Hickory, Mockernut	C. tomentosa
Hickory, Nutmeg	C. myristiciformes
Hickory, PECAN	C. illinoensis
Hickory, Pignut	C. glabra
Hickory, Shagbark	C. ovata
Hickory, Water/Bitter Pecan	C. aquatica
Hollies, Native	llex spp.
Holly, American	I. americana
Holly, Dahoon	I. cassine
Holly, Deciduous	
Possum-haw	I. decidua
Holly, Gallberry	I. glabra
Holly, Inkberry	I. coriacea
Holly, Winterberry	I. verticillata
Holly, Yaupon	I. vomitoria
Honeylocust	Gleditsia triacanthos
Honeysuckle,	Lonicera
Trumpet/Red	sempervirens
Hophornbeam,	Osta un visco i
Eastern/Ironwood Hornbeam,	Ostrya virginica
American/Musclewo	
od/Ironwood	Carpinus caroliniana
Huckleberry,	Carlos i i i
Wooly/Hairy	Gaylussacia mosieri
Huckleberry, Winter/Tree	Vaccinium arboreum
	Hydrangea
Hydrangea, Oakleaf	quercifolia

Lantana	Lantana urticoides
Laurelcherry	See Cherrylaurel
Leadplant	Amorpha fruticosa
Leucothoe, Downy	Leucothoe axillaris
Leucothoe,	
Florida/Honeybells	Agarista populifolia
Magnolia, Bigleaf	Magnolia macrophylla
Magnolia, cucumber	M. acuminata
Magnolia, 'Little	
Gem'	M. grandiflora
Magnolia, Pyramid	M. pyramidata
Magnolia, Southern	M. grandiflora
Magnolia, Sweetbay	M. virginiana
Maple, Chalk	Acer leucoderme
Maple, Red/Swamp	Acer rubrum
Maple, Silver	Acer saccharinum
Maple, Southern	
Sugar Moonseed/Snailsee	Acer barbatum
d/Coralbead Vine	Cocculus carolinus
Mulberry, Red	Morus rubra
Oaks, Native	Quercus spp.
Oak, Cherrybark	Q. pagoda
Oak, Live	Q. virginiana
Oak, Laurel	Q. laurifolia
Oak, Nuttall	Q. texana
Oak, Overcup	Q. lyrata
Oak, Post	Q. stellata
Oak, Shumard	Q. shumardii
Oak, Southern Red	Q. falcata
Oak, Swamp Chestnut/Cow	Q. michauxii
Chesthul/Cow	

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-	Oak, Water	Q. nigra
	Oak, White	Q. alba
	Oak, Willow	Q. phellos
	Osage Orange/Bois d'arc	Maclura pomifera
	Palmetto, Dwarf	Sabal minor
	PawPaw	Asimina triloba
	Pecan	Carya illinoensis
	Peppervine	Nekemias arborea
	Persimmon, American	Diospyros virginiana
	Pine, Native	Pinus spp.
	Pine, Loblolly	P. taeda
	Pine, Longleaf	P. palustris
	Pine, Slash	P. elliottii
	Pine, Spruce	P. glabra
	Plum, Native	Prunus spp.
	Plum, Chickasaw	P. angustifolia
	Plum, Flatwoods/Am. Sloe	P. umbellata
	Plum, Mexican	P. mexicana
	Poison Ivy	Toxicodendron radicans
	Prickly Ash/Toothache Tree	Zanthoxylum clava- herculis
	Privet, Swamp	Forestiera acuminata
	Redbay	Persea borbonia/palustris
	Redbud, Eastern	Cercis canadensis
	Rose, Carolina	Rosa carolina
	Rose, Prairie	Rosa setigera
	Rose, Swamp	Rosa palustris

St. Johnswor	t Hypericum spp.
Sassafras	Sassafras albidum
Silverbell, Tv	/0-
winged	Halesia diptera
Snowbell, Ar	nerican Styrax americana
Snowbell, Bi	
	Oxydendrum
Sourwood	arboreum
Spicebush	Lindera benzoin
	Euonymus
Strawberry E	ush <i>americana</i>
Sumac,	
Shining/Dwa	rf Rhus copallinum
Sumac, Wing	ed Rhus glabra
Summer-swe	eet,
Peppervine	Clethra alnifolia
Supplejack/E	lackjack
Vine	Berchemia scandens
Sweetspire,	/irginia <i>Itea virginica</i>
	Platanus
Sycamore	occidentalis
Tulip Tree/T	lip Lireodendron
Poplar	tulipifera
Waxmyrtle	Morella cerifera
Willow, Blac	salix nigra
	Hamamelis
Witch Hazel	virginiana
Viburnum,	
Arrowwood	Viburnum dentatum
Viburnum,	
Possumhaw	Viburnum nudum
Viburnum, L	
leaf/Walter's	-
r's Delight	Viburnum obovatum
Viburnum, R	-
Blackhaw	Viburnum rufidulum

Herbaceous plants (ferns, grasses, sedges/rushes and wildflowers)

Common Name	
or Plant Group Name	Scientific Name/Genus
Agave, American	Agave virginica
Alligator-flags	Thalia spp.
0	Symphyotrichum/Serioc
Asters, Wild	arpus/Ionactis/Eurybia spp.
Aster, Stokes	Stokesia laevis
Buttons, Barbara's	Marshallia spp.
Buttonweeds,	
Poor Joes Beardtongues/Pe	Diodia spp.
nstemons	Penstemon spp.
Bedstraws	Gailium spp.
Beebalms	Monarda spp.
Beggarticks	(see Coreopsis)
Bergamot, Wild	Monarda fistulosa
Bittercress	Cardamine spp.
Blazing Stars	Liatris spp.
Blue Stars	Amsonia spp.
Bluecurls	Trichostema spp.
Blue-eyed Grasses	Sisyrinchium spp.
Bonesets, Thoroughworts	Eupatorium spp.
Buttercups	Ranunculus spp.
Butterflyweed	Asclepias tuberosa
Butterweed	Packera glabellus
Camphorweeds	Pluchea spp.
Cannas, Native	Canna spp.
Cardinalflower	Lobelia cardinalis
Catchflys	Silene spp.
Cattails	Typha spp.
Clematis, Native	Clematis spp.
Club, Golden	Orontium aquaticum
Compass Plants	(see Rosinweeds)
Coneflowers, Black-eyed Susans	Rudbeckia spp., Ratibida
Coneflowers,	spp.
Purple	Echinacea spp.
Coreopsis, Native	Coreopsis spp.
Crownbeards, Wingstems	Verbesina spp.
Cuban Jute	Sida rhombifolia
Cypress, Standing	Ipomopsis rubra
Daisy Fleabanes	Erigeron spp.
Dayflowers, Native	Commelina spp.
Ινατίνε	commenna spp.

Dutchman's Pipes, Native	Aristilochia spp.
Elephant's Foots	Elephantopus, spp.
 Ferns, Native	(please list below)
Frog Fruits	Phyla spp.
Garlic, False	Nothessordum biughs
Crowpoison	Nothoscordum bivalve
Gauras	Gaura spp.
Geraniums, Wild	Geranium spp. Chrysopsis/Heterotheca
Goldenasters	/Pityopsis spp.
Goldenrods	Solidago spp.
Grasses, Yellow- eyed	Xyris spp.
, Grasses, Native	(please list below)
Herbertias	Herbertia spp.
	Hibiscus
 Hibiscus, Native	spp./Kosteletzkya
 Indian Blankets	Gaillardia spp.
 Indian Pink	Spigelia marilandica
 Indian Plantains	Arnoglossum spp.
 Indigos, False	Baptisia spp.
 Irises, Native	Iris spp.
Ironweeds	Vernonia spp.
 Jewelweed	Impatiens capensis
 Joe-pye Weeds	Eupatorium spp.
 Larkspurs, Native	Delphinium spp.
 Lillies, Rain	Zephyranthes spp.
 Lily, Spider	Hymenocallis lireosme
 Lily, Swamp	Crinum americanum
 Lizard's Tail	
 Lobelias, Native	Lobelia spp.
 Lupines, Native	Lupinus spp.
 Lettuce, Wild	Lactuca spp.
 Mallows, Native	(See Hibiscus)
 Mayapple Maypop, Passion	Podophyllum peltatum
vine, Native	Passiflora spp.
Meadowbeauties	Rhexia spp.
Meadow Rues	Thalictrum spp.
Mexican Hat	Ratibida columnifera
Milkweeds, Native	Asclepias spp.
Mints, Mountain	Pycanthemum spp.
Mistflower, Blue	Conoclinum coelestinum
Morning glories, Native	Ipomeas pp.

Nightshades, Native	Solanum spp.
Obedient Plants,	Solunum spp.
False-	
dragonheads	Physostegia spp.
Onion, Wild	Allium canadense
Pea, Butterfly	
rea, butterny	Chamaecrista
Peas, Partridge	fasciculata
Pennyworts, Native	
Penstemons, Native	(see Beardtongues)
	Capsicum annuum var.
Pepper, Bird	glabrisculum
Petunias, Wild	Ruellia spp.
Phloxes, Native	Phlox spp.
Pickerelweed	Pontederia cordata
Pink, Fire	(See Catchflys)
Pink, Indian	(See Indian Pink)
Pokeberry/Pokew	Dhutolagon and start
eed	Phytolacca americana
Poppymallows	Callirhoe spp.
Primroses, Native	Oenothera spp.
Rattlesnake	
Masters Rosinweeds/Com	Eryngium spp.
pass Plants	Silphium spp.
Rosepinks	
	Sabatia spp.
Rushes	Juncus spp.
Sages, Native	Salvia spp.
Sedges, Flat	Cyperus spp.
Sedges, Caric	Carex spp.
Sida	(see Cuban Jute)
Skullcaps, Native	Scutellaria spp.
Snakeroot, Black	Sanicula canadense
Snakeroot, White Spiderworts,	Ageratina altissima
Native	Tradescantia spp.
Spikerushes,	
Native	Eleocharis spp.
Sunflowers, Native	Helianthus spp.
Thistles, Native	Cirsium spp./Sonchus spp.
Tickseeds, Native	(see Coreopsis)
Turk's Cap	Malvaviscus arborea
Verbenas,	
Vervains, Native	Verbena spp.
Violets, Native	Viola spp.
Wakerobins, Trilliums, Native	Trillium spp.

Have native plant species not on the checklist? Add them here:

Refer to the Guide to the Plants of Louisiana as needed: <u>https://warcapps.usgs.gov/PlantID/</u>. The guide is exhaustive and includes all plants, not only natives. Note that the species does not have to be native to your parish, so long as it is native to the Southeast US.