# ConocoPhillips

#### **Fuel and Refining Trends** Presentation at Louisiana State University

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### **World Energy Demand Outlook**

#### Million Tons of Oil Equivalent



Source: International Energy Agency, "World Energy Outlook"



### U.S. Price Threshold for Change Survey by CNW Marketing Research

Percent



Survey measures the percent of new car owners who would buy a new, more fuel-efficient car immediately or eventually based on the price of gasoline.



Survey of 3,981 car owners nationwide, assuming price remains for 6 months

### U.S. Consumer Spending on Energy as a Percentage of Disposable Income



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis



### **Auto Trends**

Hybrid Electric Toyota Prirus M.T. Car of the Year



Diesel Car European Automakers Ramping Up

#### Fuel Cell Vehicles Many Challenges to Overcome





MSRP: \$20,510 Hybrid System Mfg. Cost: \$2500-3500 55 mpg avg city/highway 45 mpg actual?

VW Passat diesel (return after 8 years)

NOX concerns for U.S.

Safety
Inadequate nat gas as H2 source
Cost too high by a factor of 10



# **U.S. Refining Capacity**

**Capacity/Demand Number of Refineries** (million barrels per day) Number of Demand **Refineries Distillation** 200 -Capacity 

#### Source: U.S. DOE, API, P&G





### **U.S. Refinery Capacity Utilization**



# **U.S. Refining Trends**

- Capital money for US refining has been spent to meet changing fuel specification rather than build additional capacity (estimated \$20 Billion)
  - LSG and ULSD
  - the 2% RFG oxygen mandate
  - Local/regional boutique fuels



## **U.S. Gasoline Requirements**



K.W. Gardner

# U.S. RefiningTrends

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  - the 2% RFG oxygen mandate
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- Public demand continues to increase; however, so does "not in my backyard" resistance to refinery and infrastructure expansions
  - Permitting difficulties
  - Litigation from upsets and environmental issues





### **Locations of U.S. Refineries 2004**

▲ Large: Over 75,000 B/D ● Small: Under 75,000 B/D



# **U.S. Refining Concerns**

- Capital money for US refining has been spent to meet changing fuel specification rather than build additional capacity (estimated \$20 Billion)
  - LSG and ULSD
  - the 2% RFG oxygen mandate
  - Local/regional boutique fuels
- Public demand continues to increase; however, so does "not in my backyard" resistance to refinery and infrastructure expansions
  - Permitting difficulties
  - Litigation from upsets and environmental issues
- Investment in refining capacity post Clean Fuels will require a sustained trend of strong return on capital employed.



# **Thanks for the opportunity !**



